

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3

"The Congress shall have power "To regulate commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes"

By Mr. RUSH:

H.R. 274.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3

"The Congress shall have Power "to regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes."

By Mr. RUSH:

H.R. 275.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8 of the Constitution granted Congress the power to lay and collect taxes to provide for the general welfare of the United States. Further, Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 provides that Congress shall have power "To regulate commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes"

By Mrs. BLACK:

H.R. 276.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 1 of the Constitution (relating to the power of Congress with respect to taxes and spending).

By Mr. HASTINGS:

H.R. 277.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

U.S. Const. art. I, § 8

By Mr. LARSEN of Washington:

H.R. 278.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

As described in Article 1, Section 1 "all legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress."

By Mr. LATTA:

H.R. 279.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3: Congress shall have the Power . . . "to regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian tribes."

By Mr. MILLER of Florida:

H.R. 280.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. PALAZZO:

H.R. 281.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18: The Congress shall have Power . . . To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. RIBBLE:

H.R. 282.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, section 9, clause 7 of the United States Constitution which provides that, "No Money shall be drawn from the Treasury, but in Consequence of Appropriations made by Law, and a regular Statement and Account of the Receipts and Expenditures of all public Money shall be published from time to time.

By Mr. SALMON:

H.R. 283.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

AMENDMENT IV: The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no Warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by Oath of affirmation and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

By Mr. TIBERI:

H.R. 284.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3

By Mrs. WAGNER:

H.R. 285.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress in Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the United States Constitution: "To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes."

Additional authority derives from Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the United States Constitution: "To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof."

By Mr. ZINKE:

H.R. 286.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following: Article I, section 8 of the Constitution of the United States that states "The Congress shall have Power to regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes."

By Mr. BRIDENSTINE:

H.J. Res. 15.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article V of the Constitution, which grants Congress the authority to propose Constitutional amendments.

By Mr. KING of Iowa:

H.J. Res. 16.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This joint resolution is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress to propose amendments to the Constitution under Article V of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. BUCHANAN:

H.J. Res. 17.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority on which this joint resolution rests is the power of Congress as enumerated in Article V of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. MCCLINTOCK:

H.J. Res. 18.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article V of the United States Constitution provides for amendments to the United States Constitution.

By Mr. PALAZZO:

H.J. Res. 19.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article V: The Congress, whenever two thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this Constitution, or, on the application of the legislatures of two thirds of the several states, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this Constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three fourths of the several states,

or by conventions in three fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the Congress; provided that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no state, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the Senate.

By Mr. PALAZZO:

H.J. Res. 20.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article V: The Congress, whenever two thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this Constitution, or, on the application of the legislatures of two thirds of the several states, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this Constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three fourths of the several states, or by conventions in three fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the Congress; provided that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no state, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the Senate.

ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions, as follows:

H.R. 25: Mr. BROOKS of Alabama, Mr. CARTER of Texas, Mr. YOUNG of Alaska, and Mr. SANFORD.

H.R. 27: Mr. RIBBLE, Mr. HURT of Virginia, Mr. MCCAUL, Mr. POSEY, Mr. BISHOP of Utah, and Mr. OLSON.

H.R. 32: Mr. JONES.

H.R. 33: Mr. HANNA, Mr. COURTNEY, Mr. GIBSON, Mr. KELLY of Pennsylvania, Mr. LOBIONDO, Mr. HUELSKAMP, Mr. MARINO, Mr. PERRY, Mr. SHUSTER, Mr. COSTELLO of Pennsylvania, Mr. DENT, Mr. CARTWRIGHT, Mr. FLEISCHMANN, Mr. ROTHFUS, and Mr. HURT of Virginia.

H.R. 36: Mr. AMASH, Mr. BRAT, Mr. STUTZMAN, Mr. SMITH of Missouri, Mr. REED, Mr. MURPHY of Pennsylvania, Mr. PITTENGER, Mr. HUNTER, Mr. HARPER, Mr. WILLIAMS, Mr. BUCHANAN, Mr. MULVANEY, Mr. RICE of South Carolina, Mr. CRAMER, and Mrs. BLACK.

H.R. 44: Mr. YOUNG of Alaska.

H.R. 94: Mr. CICILLINE.

H.R. 109: Mr. POSEY and Mr. CULBERSON.

H.R. 114: Mr. COOK.

H.R. 132: Mr. ROE of Tennessee, Mr. DESJARLAIS, Mr. BYRNE, Mr. PERRY, and Mr. FARENTHOLD.

H.R. 143: Mr. NUGENT, Mr. JONES, Mr. BYRNE, Mr. WESTERMAN, Mr. RIBBLE, Mr. MOOLENAAR, and Mr. MULVANEY.

H.R. 154: Ms. JACKSON LEE, Mr. CROWLEY, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Ms. FUDGE, Mr. POCAN, Mr. HIGGINS, and Ms. SLAUGHTER.

H.R. 156: Mr. SCHWEIKERT and Mr. WESTERMAN.

H.R. 161: Mr. MURPHY of Pennsylvania, Mr. STEWART, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. LAMALFA, and Mr. MARINO.

H.R. 167: Mr. VALADAO, Ms. BONAMICI, Mr. BEN RAY LUJAN of New Mexico, Mr. REICHERT, Mr. CHAFFETZ, Ms. TITUS, and Mr. TIBERI.

H.R. 173: Mr. JORDAN and Mr. WESTERMAN.

H.R. 177: Mr. REICHERT.

H.R. 178: Mr. CRAWFORD.